

TEACHING,

the choisest Tooles Baytes and stasons, for the taking of any Fish, in Pond or River: practifed and familiarly opened in three Bookes. By I. D. Esquire.





In due praise of his Praise-worthy Skill and Worke.

The still that all doe seeke but few doe finde,

Both gaine and game; (like Sunne and Moone do

Then th' Art of Fishing thus, is of that kinde; (shine of

The Angler taketh both with Hooke and Line,

And as with Lines, both these he takes; this takes

With many a Line, well made, both Barn and Harts

And, by this skill, the skill-lesse skill-full makes:

The Corpes whereof diffected so he parts,

V pon an humble Subject neuer lay

More proude, yet plainer Lines, the plains to leade,

This plainer Art with pleasure to survey,

To purchase it with prosis, by that D. E. D.:

Who thinke this skills too low than for the bigh,

This Angler read, and they'l be saine thereby.

TO THE VVORTHY.

AND MY MVCH RESPEC-

TED FRIEND, Mr. IOHN HARBORNE of Tackly, in the Countie of Ogford, Esquire.

Orthy Sir, this Poeme being feat wathe Author, who intended to have done it in his life, but was prevented

by death: I could not among my good friends he thinks me of any one to whom I might more fully dedicate it (as well for the nature of the subsect in which you delight as to expresse my love share to your felfe, I finde it not onely fanouring of Art and honesty, two things now frangers with mamy Authors, but also both pleasant and profitable; & being leath to fee a thing of such value lye hidden in observitie, whilft matters of no moment pester the Stals of energy Stationers 1 therefore make bould so publish it, for the benefit & deliebs of all, trusting that I shall neither thereby dispa-

The Epistle.

egethe Author, nor diflike them. I need not, 1 thinke, Appollogize either the vie of the inbiect, or for the it is reducedinto the nature of a Poeme for assouching the laft (in that is is in verfe) fome count it by so much the more delightful; and I bold it every way as fit a subject for Poetry as Husbandry: and touching the first, if Hunting and H whing have became thought morthy delights and Arts to be instructed in, I make no doubt but this Art of Angling is much more worthy pra-Wife and approbation, for it is a fort enery way at pleafant, teffe chargeable, more profisable, and nothing fo much subject to theller or impatience as those are you shall finde it more briefly, pleafailiff and more exactly performed, then any of this kinde beretofore I herefore l'referre you to the peruling thereof; and my felfe to your good opinion, which I tender as that I hold most deare; ener remaining at.

your gentle Command

R. I.

To the Reader

T may seeme in the presumption to adde this little Marginall Comment to the Worke of fo worthy an Anthor. But Mr. lackson, the Printers request and verruous dofire, to giue his Countrie fatisfaction, mult be fatisfied, and in it my felfe rest excused. What mine observations are, I referre to censure, affuredly, the truth stands on fo well grounded experience, that but my fiaffe, nothing can doe them injurie. VVhat to me is donbtfull, I have as I can explaned; what wants, in my judgement, I have supplyed as the time would suffer : what I passe by I approue. The Author by his Verfe hath expressed much learning, and by his Answere to the Obiection, thewes himselfe to have brone vesturous, The subject it selfe is honest, and pleasant, and fometimes profitable. Vie it and give God all glorie. Amen.

14. W. Lauson.

The Contents.

The first Booke containeth these heads.

THe antiquitie of Angling, with the Art of Fire Shing, and of Fish in generall.

2 The lawfulnesse, pleasure, and profus thereof, with all

Obiections, answered, against it.

3. To know the feafan, and times to provide the Tooles, and the manner how to make them fit to take each severall Fish.

The fecond Booke, containeth

THe Anglets experience, how to ve his Tooles and Baytes, to make profit by his game.

What Fift is not taken with Angle, and what is ; and

which is best for health.

3 In what Waters and Rivers to find each Fift.

The third Booke containeth,

I THO 12. vertues and qualities which ought to

1 be in every Angler.

What weather, seasons, and times of the scere is best and worst, and what hourse of the day is best for sport.

To know each Fiftes haunt, and the times to take

one them.

Alfo, an obseure secret, of an approved Baite, tending bereunte.

The

BEBESES ES ES ES

SECRETS

of Angling.

The first Booke.

F Angling, and the Art thereof I fing,
What kinde of Tooles
It doth behoue to haue; (may bring
And with what pleafing bayt a man.
The fish to bite within the watry

A worke of thankes to such as in a thing (wane.

Of harmelesse pleasure, have regard to save

Their dearest soules from sinne; and may intend

Of precious time, some part thereon to spend.

You Nymphs that in the Springs and waters sweet, Your dwelling haue, of every Hill and Dale, And oft amidst the Medowes greene doe meet, To sport and play, and heare the Nightingale; And in the Rivers fresh doe wash your feete, While Prognes sister tels her wofull tale:

Such ayde and power vnto my verses lend,

As may suffice this little worke to end.

And

The first Booke.

And thou sweet * Boyd that with thy watry sway,
Dost wash the cliffes of Deington and of Weeke;
And through their Rockes with crooked winding
Thy mother Auon runnest soft to seeke: (way,
In whose fayre streames the speckled Trout doth
The Roch, the Dace, the Gudgin, & the Bleeke. (play,
Teach me the skill with slender Line and Hooke
To take each Fish of River, Pond, and Brooke.

The time for providing Angle Rords.

First, when the Sunne beginneth to decline
Southward his course, with his fayre Chariot
And passed hath of Heanen the midle Line, (bright
That makes of equal length both day and night;
And lest behind his backe the dreadfull signe,
Of cruell Centaure, slaine in drunken sight, (song,
When Beasts do mourne, and Birds forsake their
And every Creature thinkes the night too long.

And blustring Boreau with his chilling sold,
Vnclothed hath the Trees of Sommers greene;
And Woods, and groues, are naked to behold,
Of Leaues and Branches now dispoyled cleane:
So that their fruitfull stockes they doe vnfold,
And lay abroad their off-spring to be seene; (kind
Where nature shewes her great increase of
To such as seeke their tender shutes to finde.
Then

Then goe into some great Arendian wood,
Where store of ancient Hazels doe abound;
And seeke amongst their springs and tender brood,
Such sheutes as are the straightest, long and round;
And of them all (store vp what you thinke good)
But sairest choose, the smoothest, and most sound;
So that they doe not two yeares growth exceed,
In shape and beautie like the Belguke Reed.

These prane and clense of every lease and spray,
Yet leave the tender top remaining still?
Then home with thee goe beare them safe away.
But perish not the rine and otter pill;
And on some even boarded shoore them say;
Where they may dry and season at their fill:

And place vpontheir crooked parts some waight, To prese them downe, & keepe them plaine and

(Straight.

(*) Beat them a litle, except the top, all in a Furnace, they will be lighter and not top heavie; which is a great fault in a rod.

(1) Tie them together at enery bought, and they will one keepe another firmight. I see And a since A

So shalt thou have alwayes in store the best;
And sittest rods to serve the turne aright;
For not the brittle Cane, nor ass the rest,
I like so well, though it be long and lighter

The first Booke

Since that the Fish are frighted with the least
Aspect of any glittering thing, or white;
Nor doth it by one halfe so well incline,
As doth the plyant rod to saue the line,
(3)

(2) White or gray are lik'ft the skie, and therefore of all other colours offend the least.

(3) Besides, the sish discernes it, and are put away with the stifnesse of the rod: whereas on the contrary, the weekerod yeelds libertie to the sish, without suspition, to runne away with the bayte at his pleasure.

Tomake the Line.

Then get good hayre, so that it be not blacke,
Neither of Mare nor Gelding let it be;
Nor of the tyreling Iade that beares the packe:
But of some lufty Horse or courser free,
Whose bushic tayle vpon the ground doth tracke,
Like blazing Comer that sometimes we see:
From out the midst thereof the longest take,
At leasure best your Linkes and Lines to make.

Then twiff them finely, as you thinke most meete, By skill or practise easie to be found;
As doth Arachue with her slender feet (4)
Draw forth her little thread along the ground;
But not too hard or slacke, the meane is sweet,

Least flacke they fnarle, or hard they prone vn. And intermixt with filuer filke, or gold, (found The tender hayres, the better fo to hold. (5)

(4) Knit the hayres you meane to put in one Linke, at the rods end and devide them as equally as you can, put your three lowest singers betwixt, and twine the knot and your linke shall be equally swift, if you wet your haire it will twine better A nimble hand, a weeke to light rod, that may be easily guided with one hand need but four e or sine baires at the most, for the greatest River Fish, though a Salmonor Luce, so you have length enaugh, and except the Luce and Salmon three will suffice

(5) Intermixing with filter or gold, is not good : be-

can/e

First the thred and have are not so equallreach.
Secondly, the colours differing from the bigres, coffie, affright's the Fish.

Thirdly, they will not bed and trust with the hayres.

Then end to end, as falleth to their lot,
Let all your Linkes in order as they lie
Be knit together, with that Fishers knot.
That will not slip, or with the wet vntie:
And at the lowest end forget it not
To leave a Bout or compasse like an eye,
The Linke that holds your Hooke to hang vpon,
When you thinke good to take it off and on.

(6) An upper end also, to put it too and free the rod.

Which

The first Booke.

Which Linke must neither be so great nor strong.
Nor like of colour as the others were;
(7)
Scant halfe so big, so that it be as long:
Of grayest Hue, and of the soundest Hayre,
Least while it hangs the liquid wanes among
The sight thereof the warie Fish should seare.
And at one end a Loope or Compasse sine,
To fastento the other of your Line.

T

T

(7) The same colour: (to wit graie like the Skie.)
the like bigues and strength, is good for all the Line, and
enery Links thereof, weight is hurtfull, so unequall
strength can set be weakest to breake.

Corke.

Then take good Corke, so much as shall suffice,
For every Line to make his swimmer sit; (8)
And where the midst and thickest parts doe rise,
There burne a round small hole quite thorow it;
And put therein a Quill of equals size;
But take good heed the Corkey ou doe not six.
Then round or square with Razor pare it neare,
Piramid-wise, or like a slender Peare.

(8) I etterly dislike your Southern Corkes. First, for they affright the siss, in the bite and sight, and because they follow not so kindly, the nimble rod and hand.

Secondly, they breed weight to the Line which puts it

in danger, and hinders the nimble Ierke of the rod, and loads the arme.

A good eye and hand may eafily different be bite.

The smaller end doth serve to sinkemore light,
Into the water with the Plummets sway;
The greater swims aloft and stands vpright,
To keepe the Line and Bayt arenen stay,
That when the Fish begins to nib and byte,
The mouing of the float doth them bewray:
These may you place vpon your Lines at will,
And step them with a white and handsome Quitter

Hookes.

Then buy your Hookes the finest and the best That may be had of such as vie to sell, (9) And from the greatest to the very least Of enery fort picke out and chuse them well, Such as in shape and making passe the rest, And doe for strength and soundnesse most excell; Then in a little Boxe of dryest wood From rust and canker keepe them saire and good

(9) I we tomake mine owne Hookes, so shall I have them of the best Spanish and Millane Needles, of what sife bent or sharpnesse, and I like as I need. Soften your needles in an hot fire in a Chaser.

The

The first Booke.

The Instruments. First an hold-fast.
Secondly, an Hammer to stat the place for the beard.
Thirdly, a File to make the beard, and starpen the point.

Fourthly, A bender: viz. A Pinne bended, put in the end of a flicke, an handfull long, thus.

When they are made lapthem in the ende of a wire.

and heate them againe, and temper them in Oyle or

Butter.

That Hooke I lone that is incompast round
Like to the print that Pegasus did make,
With horned hoose vpon Thessalan ground;
From whence forthwith Pernassus spring out brake
That doth in pleasant waters so abound:
And of the Muses oft the thirst doth slake,
Who on his fruitfull bankes doe sit and sing,
That all the world of their sweet tunes doth ring.

(10) The best former for ready striking and sure bolding and strength, is a straight and somewhat long shank, and string be nib'd, with a little compasse were round in anywise, thus for it weeke as having to great a compasse, somewhat to batter th' upper and thus to bold the faster; but good three or filhe and good band may make it saft enough

enough, it is botcherly, hinders the biting and something

Or as Theumantis, when she list to shroud
Her selfe against the parching Sunny ray,
Vnder the mantle of some stormy cloud,
Where she her sundry colours doth display
Like Iundes Bird, of her faire garments proud,
That Phæbus gaue her on her marriage day:
Shewes forth her goodly Circle farre and wide,
To mortall wights that wonder at her pride.

His Shank should neither be to short nor long, (11)
His poynt not ouersharpe nor yet too dull:
The substance good that may indure from wrong;
His Needle stender, yet both round and full,
Made of the right Iberian mettell strong.
That will not stretch nor breake at enery pull,
Wrought smooth and cleane withouten crack of
And bearded like the wilde Arabian goat. (knot

(11) He meanes the hooke may be too weake at the point, it cannot be too sharpe if the mettle be good steele.

Then let your Hooke be fare and strongly plaste Vnto your lowest Linke with Sike or Hayre, Which you may doe with often ouercaste, so that you draw the Bouts together neare,

P

And

The first Booke.

And with both ends make all the other fast, That no bare place or rising knot appeare; Then on that Linke hang Leads of even waight To raise your floate, and carry downe your baite.

Thus have you Rod, Line, Float, and Hooke;
The Rod to strike, when you shall thinke it fit,
The Line to leade the Fish with wary skill,
The Float and Quill to warne you of the bit;
The Hooke to hold him by the chap or gill,
Hooke, Line, and Rod, all guided to your wit.
Yet there remaines of Fishing tooles to tell,
Soms other forts that you must have as well.

Other Fshing Tooles.

A Little Boord, the lightest you can finde, (12)
But not so thin that it will breake or bend;
Of Cypressweet, or of some other kinde.
That like a Trencher shall it selfe extend;
Made smooth & plaine, your lines thereon to wind
With Battlements at every other end:
Like to the Bulwarke of some ancient Towne.
As well-wald Sylchester now razed downe.

(12) Or winds them on two or three of your fingers, like an Orph Arions siring.

A Shooe to beare the crawling Wormes therein, With hole aboue to hang it by your side, A hollow Cane that must be light and thin, Wherein the Bobbe and Palmer shall abide, Which must be stopped with an handsome pin. Least out againe your baytes doe hap to slide. A little Box that couered close shall lye, To keepe threin the bufie winged Flye.

(13) Worme peake of Cleath, or boxes.

Then must you have a Plummet, formed round. Like to the Pellet of a birding Bow: Wherewith you may the fecret'st waters found, And fet your floate thereafter, high or low, Till you the depth thereof have truely found : And on the same a twifted thrid bestow

At your owne will, to hang it on your hooke. And so to let it downe into the Brooke,

(14) A Plummet you need not, for your Line being well leaded and without a fleat, will try your depths. When the Lead above your Hooke comes to the earth, the Line will leave finking.

Of Lead likewise, yet must you have a Ring, Whose whole Diameter in length containes (15) Three Inches full, and fastned to a sting That must be long and sure, if need constraines:

Through

The first Booke

Through whose round hole you shall your Angle And let it fall into the watry plaine: (bring, Vntill he come the weedes and stickes vnto,

From whence your hooke it ferneth to vado.

(15) That's good, but a forked rod about two yards long is better, when your hooke is fastned in the water sake a rod thus fashoned and put the Line in the forke and so follow downe to your booke, and so letting your line be somewhat slacke, move your forke two and fro especially downewards, and so shall your booke be loose.

Haue Tooles good store to serue your turne with-Least that you happen some to loose or breake; (al As in great waters oft it doth befall, When that the book is nought or Line too weake. And waxed thread, or sike, so it be small To set them on that if you list to wreake Your former losse, you may supply the place, And not returne with sorrow and disgrace.

Haue twist likewise so that it be not white, (16)
Your rod to mend, or broken top to tye;
For all white colours doe the Fishes fright,
And make them from the bayte away to flye;
A File to mend your hookes, both small and light,
A good sharpe knife, your Girdle hanging by,
A Pouch

A Pouch with many parts and purfes thin, To carry all your Tooles and Trynkets in.

(16) White and gray is good answering the colours of the Skie.

Yet must you have a little Rip beside,
Of willow twigs, the finest you can wish;
Which shall be made so handsome and so wide
As may containe good store of sundry Fish:
And yet with ease be hanged by you side,
To bring them home the better to your dish,
A little Net that on a Pole shall stand,
The mighty Pyke or heavy Carpe to Land.

His senerall Tooles, and what garment is fittest.

And let your garments Russet be or gray,

Of colour darke and hardest to discry;

That with the Raine or weather will away,

And least offend the fearefull Fishes eye:

For neither Scarlet nor rich cloth of ray,

Nor colours dipt in fresh Assyrian dye,

Nor tender tilkes, of purple, Paule, or golde,

Will serue so well to keepe off wet or colde.

In this aray the Angler good shall goo Vato the Brooke to finde his wished game;

Like

The first Booke.

Like olde Menalens wandring two and fro, Vntill he chance to light upon the same. And there his art and conning shall bestow, For every Fish his bayte so well to frame, That long ere Phabus set in Westerne some, He shall returne well loaden to his home.

Obiettion.

Some youthfull Gallant here perhaps will fay,
This is no pastime for a Gentleman,
It were more fit at Cardes and Dice to play,
To vse both sence and dancing now and than,
Or walke the streets in nice and strange aray,
Or with coy phrases court his Mistris fan,
A poore delight with toyle and painfull watch,
With losse of time a fully Fish to catch.

What pleasure can it be to walke about
The fields and meades in heate or pinching cold?
And stand all day to catch a filly Trout,
That is not worth a teaster to be fold,
And peraduenture sometimes goe without,
Besides the toyles and troubles manifold,
And to be waste with many a showre of rayne,
Before he can return from thence againe?

More ease it were, and more delight I trow, In some sweet house to passe the time away,

Amongst

Amongst the best, with braue and gallant show,
And with faire dames to daunce, to sport and plays
And on the board, the number dice to throw,
That brings in gaine, and helps the shot to pay,
And with good wine and store of dainty fare,
To seede at will and take but little care.

A worthy Answere.

I deane not here mens errors to reproduc,
lor doe enuie their feeming happy state;
But rather maruell why they doe not loue
An honest sport that is without debate;
Since their abused passines often mooue
Their mindes to anger and to mortall hate:
And as in bad delights their time they spend,
So oft it brings them to no better end.

Indeede it is a life of lesser paine,
To fit at play from noone till it be night:
And then from night till it be noone againe,
With damned oathes pronounced in despight,
For little canse and enery trisse vaine,
To surse, to brawle, to quarrell, and to fight,
To pack the Cardes, and with some cozning trick
His fellowes purse of all his coine to picke.

Or to beguile another of his Wife, As did Æghistus Agamemnon serue:

B 4

The first Booke

Or as that Roman * Monarch led a life * Nero
To spoile and spend, while others pine and sterue,
And to compell their friends with foolish strife,
To take more drinke then will their health preAnd to conclude, for debt or just defart, (serue
In baser tune to sing the Counter-part.

Of Type and Trent possesses from dwelling place; Where I may see my Quill and Corke downe sink, With eager bit of Barbell, Bleike, or Dace:
And on the World and his Creator thinke, While they proud Thais painted sheete imbrace.
And with the sume of strong Tobacco's sinoke, All quasting round are ready for to choose.

Let them that lift these pastimes then persue,
And on their pleasing fancies seede their fill;
So I the Fields and Meadowes greene may view,
And by the Rivers fresh may walke at will,
Among the Deyzes and the Volets blew:
Red Hyacinth, and yeallow Daffadill,
Purple Narcissus, like the morning rayes,
Pale Ganderglas, and azor Culucrkayes.

I count it better pleasure to behold
The goodly compasse of the lofty Skye,
And in the midst thereof like burting gold

The

The flaming Chariot of the worlds great eye;
The watry cloudes that in the ayre vprold
With fundry kindes of painted collours flie:
And fayre Aurora lifting vp her head,
All blushing rise from old This times bed.

The hills and Mountaines raised from the Plaines.
The plaines extended leuell with the ground,
The ground deuided into sundry vaines,
The vaines inclosed with running rivers rounde.
The rivers making way through natures chaine,
With headlong course into the sea prosound:
The surging Sea beneath the valleys low.
The valleys sweet, and lakes that lovely flowe.

The lofty woods, the Forrests wide and long,
Adornd with leaves and branches fresh and greene
In whose cool bowr's the birds with chauting song
Doe welcom with their quire the Summers queene
The meadowes faire where Flora's guists among,
Are intermixt the verdant grasse betweene,
The filuer skaled fish that softly swimme,
Within the brookes and Christall watry brim.

All these and many more of his creation,
That made the heavens, the Angler oft doth see,
And takes therein no little delectation,
To thinke how strange and wonderfull they be,
Framine

The first Booke.

Framing thereof an inward contemplation,
To let his thoughts from other fancies free,
And whiles he lookes on these with loyfull eye,
His minde is rapt about the flarry skye.

The Author of Angling, Poeticall Fictions.

BYt how this Art of Angling did beginne,
And who the vie thereof and practife found,
How many times and ages fince have bin,
Wherein the Sunne hath dayly compast round,
The circle that the fignes twice fixe are in:
And yeelded yearely comfort to the ground,
It were too hard for me to bring about,
Since Ould wrote not all that story out.

Yet to content the willing Readers eare,
I will not spare the sad report to tell,
When good Deucalion and his Pyrrha deere,
Were onely left vpon the earth to dwell
Of all the rest that ouerwhelmed were
With that great Floud, that in their dayes befell,
Wherein the compasse of the World so round,
Both man & beast with waters deep were dround

Betweene themselues they wept and made great How to repaire againe the wofull fall, (moane Of all mankinde, whereof they two alone The remnant were, and wretched portion small,

But

But any meanes or hope in them was none,
That might reftore so great a losse withall,
Since they were aged and in yeares so runne,
That now almost their threed of life was spun.

Vitill at last they they saw whereas they stood An ancient Temple, wasted and forlorne; Whose holy fires and sundry offerings good, The late outragious wanes away had borne: But when at length downe fallne was the floud, The waters low it proudly gan to scorne.

Vuto that place they thought it best to goe, The counsell of the Goddesse there to know.

For long before that fearefull Deluge great,
The vniuerfall Earth had ouerflowne;
A heauenly power there placed had her feate,
And answers gaue of hidden things vnknowne.
Thither they went her fauour to entreat, (blowne,
Whose fame throughout that coast abroad was
By her aduise some way or meane to finde,
How to renew the race of humane kinde.

Prostrate they fell vpon the sacred ground, Kissing the stones, and shedding many a teare; And lowly bent their aged bodies downe Vnto the earth, with sad and heany cheare: Praying the Saint with soft and dolefull sound,

That

The first Booke

That the vouchfafe their humble fuit to heare.

The Goddeffe heard, and bade them goe and take,
Their mothers bones, & throw behind their back.

This Oracle obscure, and darke of sence,
Amazed much their mindes with scare and doubt,
What kinde of meaning might be drawne from
And how to vnderstand & finde it out, (thence;
How with so great a fin they might dispense
Their Parents bones to cast and throw about:
Thus when they had long time in studie from

Thus when they had long time in studie spent, Out of the Churnh with carefull thought they:
(went,

And now beholding better every place, Each Hill and Dale, each River, Rock, and Tree; And muzing thereupon a little space, They thought the Earth their mother well might And that the stones that lay before their face, (be, To be her bones did nothing disgrace:

Wherefore to proue if it were false or true, The scattered stones behind their backs they (threw.

Forthwith the stones a wondrous thing to heare, Began to mooue as they had life concein'd, And waxed greater then at first they were; And more and more the shape of man receiv'd, Till enery part most plainely did appeare, That neither eye nor seneceould be deceived.

They

They hard they spake, they went, & walked too, As other living men are wont to doe.

Thus was the earth replenished a new,
With people strange sprung vp with little paine,
Of whose increase the progenie that grew,
Did soone supply the empty world againe;
But now a greater care there did insue,
How such a mighty number to maintaine,
Since soode there was not any to be found,
For that great flood had all destroyd & drownd.

Then did Deneation first the Art invent
Of Angling, and his people taught the same;
And to the woods and groves with them he went
Fit tooles to finde for this most needfall game;
There from the trees the longest rynds they rent,
Wherwith strong lines they roughly twist & frame
And of each crooke of hardest Bush and Brake,
They made them hookes the hungry Fish to take

And to intice them to the eager bit,

Dead frogs and flies of fundry forts he tooke;

And fnayles andwormes such as he found most fit,

Wherein to hide the close and deadly hooke:

And thus with parctife and inventive wit,

He found the meanes in every lake and brooke

Such store of Fish to take with little paine,

As did long time this people new sustaine.

The first Booke

In this rude fort began this simple Art,
And so remain d in that first age of old,
When Saturne did Amaltheas horne impart
Vnto the world, that then was all of Gold;
The Fish as yet had felt but little smart,
And were to bite more eager, apt, and bold,
And plentie still supplied the place againe
Of wofull want, whereof we now complaine.

But when in time the feare and dread of man Fell more and more on every living thing, And all the creatures of the world began To ftand in awe of this vsurping King, Whose tyranny so farre extended than That Earth and Seas it did in thraldome bring; It was a worke of greater paine and skill, The wary Fish in lake or Brooke to kill.

So worse and worse two ages more did passe,
Yet still this Art more persect daily grew,
For then the slender Rod inuented was,
Of finer fort then former ages knew,
And hookes were made of siluer and of brasse,
And Lines of hempe and Faxe were framed new,
And sundry baytes experience found out more,
Then elder times did know or try before.

But at the last the Iron age grew neere,
Of all the rest the hardest, and more scant,
Then Lines were made of Silke and subtile hayre
And Rods of Isghtest Cane and Hazeil plant,
And Hookes of hardest steele invented were,
That neither skill nor workeman ship did want,
And so this Art did in the end attaine,
Vnto that state where now it doth remaine.

But here my weary Muse awhile must rest,
That is not vsed to so long a way;
And breath, or pause a little at the least
At this Lands end, vntill another day,
And then againe, if so she thinke it best:
Our taken-taske afresh wee will assay,
And forward goe as first we did intend,
Till that we come vnto our journeyes end.

The end of the first Booke.

The second Booke



The second Booke.

(fit

Efore, I taught what kinde of tooles were For him to have that would an Angler be : And how he should with practife & with wit Pronide himselfe thereof in best degree: Now doth remaine to flew how to the bit The Fishes may be brought, that earst were free; And with what pleafing baits intis'd they are, To swallow downe the hidden Hooke vnware:

Raites.

Twere not meete to fend a Huntiman out Into the Woods, with Net, with Gin, or Hay? To trace the brakes and bushes all about, The Stag, the Foxe, or Badger to betray: If having found his game, he stand in doubt Which way to pitch, or where his snares to lay, And with what traine he may entife withall The fearefull beast into his trap to fall.

So, though the Angler have good frore of tooles,
And them with skill in finest fort can frame;
Yet whenhe comes to Rivers, Lakes, and Pooles;
If that he know nor how to yie the fame,
And with what baytes to make the fishes fooles;
He may goe home as wife as out he came,
And of his comming boat himselfe as well
As he that from his fathers Charlot felles.

Not that I take upon me so impart

More then by others hath before beene told;

Or that the hidden fecrets of this Art

I would vinto the vulger fort unfolde,

Who peraducature for my paines defart

Would count me worthy Balanch horse to holde:

But onely to the willing scarner show Ted T

So much thereof as may suffice to know and T

Dest rule the raging of the Ocean wide; begins I meddle not with thy deformed race and to Of monstershuge; that in those wanes abuse with that great Whale that by three whole days.

The man of God didde his belly hide; (pace)
And cast him our your the case shore,
An safe and sound as he had been before.

The Second Booke

Would have denouted fundamental the faire, which the medical the faire, which throng and valuate hand Delivering their from danger and despaire, and all The Harley block in gerhar higher theathe land, and Whole streames of water sponteets in the ayee, and The Posson large that playing swinis on hie, Pretonding stormes or other tempeds hie.

Nor that admirer of weet Musickes to the distance of the Selection of the More that like an horse doth theigh; ow I The More that from the rockes imposed round. Within his teeth hand feed doth fast contact to W. The Towns content with his target hard, S. The Towns attended with his target hard, S. The Towns attended with his target hard, S.

Nor will that Filh that bearers in his should the A ragged Sword; his four to spoyle and kill? So C Nor that siete The spoyle and kill? So C Nor that siete The spoyle and handles him account of the should be should be so that with the sweepings out And hith of Shipy dedicate his belieffly account The Albarow that followeth sight and day A

The flying Fift, and takes them for his pray.

The Crocodite that weepes when he doth wrong,
The Holliber that hurts the appetite and proma
The Turbur broad, the Secure, the Sturges strong,
The God and Coze, that greedy are to bite and
The Hade, the Haddocke, and Conger long, well.
The yeallow Ling, the Midwell faire and white, and
The spreading Ray, the Thorneback thin and flat,
The boysterous Baje, the hoggish Tuning fat.

These kinds of Fish that are so large of sile,
And many more that here I seame votoide O
Shall goe for me, and albihorest likeveile and I
That are the flocke of possed wanty solders and
For well I thinke my Houses would not saffisely W
Nor stender Lines, the least of the sile to holde. Land
I leave them therefore to the surging Seas, as I

For the Goodfrom.

Viste before to be us the Present with a good big Corke to be use the line became with a

And speake of such as in the fresh are found.

The little knach the Memic biting fashed and the The flyming fashed and found.

The Umber sweet, the Graneling good of taste,

The wholesome Ruffe the Barbelines followed.

The Peareb and Pike that all the rest doe waste,

The Breame, the Carpe, the Chub and Chauendar,

And many more that in fresh water are.

Sir

The Second Books

Sit then Theles on some pleasant banks.

Among so many as faire Auon hath.

And marke the Anglers how they march in ranks,

Some out of Briffell, some from healthful Bank;

How all the Rivers sides along they stanks.

And through the Meadowes make their wonted

See how their with cunning they apply, (path:

To eatch the Fish that in the waters lye.

For the Goodgion. (17)

Local a little Boate where one doth stand,
That to a Willow Bough the while is tide.
And with a pole doth stirre and raise the sand;
Whereas the gentle streame doth softly slide,
And then with slender Line and Red in hand,
The eager bit nor long he doth abide.

Was leaded is his Line, his Hooke but small, A good big Corke to beare the streams withalf.

(17) The Goodgion, buth his teeth in his shroat, (as also the Chub) and lines by much facking, be is a dainty Fift like or neers as good as the Sparlin,

His battothe least red wormethat may be found, And at the bottome it doth alwayes lie; Whereat the greedy Goodgion bites so sound That Hooke and all he aralloweth by and by:

Sec

As if new store the play did still supply - when the bit doth due or bad doth proue,

Then to another place he doth remove.

This Fish the fittest for a learner is
That in this Art delights to take some paine;
For as high flying Hanker that often misse.
The swifter soules, are eased with a traine,
So to a young beginner yeeldeth this,
Such ready sport as makes him proue againe,
And leades him on with hope and glad desire,
To greater skill, and cumuing to aspire.

For the Roche.

Then see on yonder side, where one doth sit
With line well twisted, whis hooke but small;
His Corke not big, his Plummets round and sit,
His bayt of finest past, a little ball
Wherewith he doth intice vnto the bit,
The carelesse Rache, that soone is caught withall:
Within a foote the same doth reach the ground,
And with least touch the float straight sinketh
(downs,

(18) The Reace is one of the meanest.

And as a skilfull Fowler that doth vie, The flying Birds of any kinde to take,

The Second Booke

The fixest and the best doth alwayes chise,
Of many sorts a pleasing stale to make,
Which is he doth perceive they doe refuse,
And of missive abandon and forsake,
To win their love againe, and get their grace
Forthwith doth put another in the place.
So for the Rocke more bates he hath beside,
As of a sheepe the thicke congealed blood,
Which on a board he vieth to devide
In portions small, to make them fit and good,
That better on his hooke they may abide:

And of the walpe the white and tender brood, And wormes that breed on enery hearbe & tree. And fundry flies that quicke and linely be.

slee on you said out we ere one doth fit the line well twifted, while hooke but finall;

The looke whereas that Poplar gray doth Hardby the fame where one doth closly stand And with the winde his hooke & bayte doth throw Amid the streams with stender hazels wand, Whereas he sees the Dace the inscharge doe show, His eye is quicke, and ready is his hand.

And when the Fish doth rise to catch the baite. He presently doth tricke, and takes her strait.

O worlds deceit how are we thraid by thee, LAA That doesn't by gall in sweetest pleasures hide? When

of the fectets of Angling.

When most we thinks in happies state to be a list of the leads are followed in the leads are followed in the leads are followed as the leads to be a list of the lead of the leads that of the leads of the leads

By thow againe, lee where another stands,
And stranes his root that double seems to bend,
Loe how he leades and guides him with his hand.
Least that his line should break or Angle lend,
Then with a net see how at last he lands, a sounced
A mighty Cope and has slim in the end,
So large he is of buby seale and bone.
The rod and all had like to have been gone.

Marke what a line he hath, well made and strong, Of Rosephall, or Rejards strongest bayers (Q1)
Twisted with greene pr watched silve among, delike hardest twine, that holds the intangled Dears, Not any force of fish will doe it wrong,

The knots of cumpylinke and hut for his of That many a plucks and pullshey may induced

hat being ftrong, yet doth it show but su all.

ris

The Second Booken

His corke is large, made handlome, frosth, & fine, The leads according, close, and fit thereto, A good round hooks let on with filken twine, That will not hip nor easily vidoe:

His bait great wormes that long in moste have bin, When by his side he beareth in a shoot 1 100.

Or paste wherewith he feedes him oft before, That at the bottome tyes a sopte or more.

Farthe Chab and Tront

Sewhere another hides himselfe as flye,

As did Alben, or the fearefull Deepe;

Behinde a Whithy and with a watchfull eye

Attends the hit within the water cleare,

And on the tope thereof doth moue his flye,

With skilfull hand, as if he himse were,

Loe by the Coub, the Roche, the Dace, & Trout,

(19) Directly, for the Front is a ranging Fift, and at that interior the day comes from his hole of he come at the unique state of the day comes from his hole of he come

Norany force of himwill does

To catch thereat doe gaze and swimme about.

His Rod or Cane made darke for being feene.
The lefte to leave the wary Palls with all and the line well twifted is; and wrought for cleane That being strong, yet doth it show but small,

of the secrets of Angling.

His Hooke not great, nor little, but betweene, (20)
That light vpon the watry brimme may fal,

The Line in length feant halfe the Rod exceedes, And heither Corke, nor Leade thereon it needes,

(20) The Trout makes the Angler most gentlemanlie and readiest sport of all other sithes, if you Angle wish
a made she, and a Line twice your rods length or more
(in a plaine Water without wood) of three haires, in a
darke windy day from mid after noone, & have learned
the cast of the Fly; your Fly must counterfait the Mayslie, which is bred of the Cod-baite, and is called the
Water slie, you must change his colour enery month, beginning with a darke white and so grow to a yellow. The
forme cannot so well be put on a paper as it may be taught
by sight: yet it will be like this sorme

The head is of blacks fills or have the wine of a f

The head is of blacke filke or hisire the wings of a fear ther of a Mallart Tecl, or peckled her wing. The body of cruellaccording to the month for colour, and run abont with a blacke haire: all fastned at the tails, with the thred that fastned the booke you must fish in; or hard by the stream, and have a quicke hund and a ready eye, and animble rod, sticke with him or you loose him. If the wind be rough, and trouble the crust of the Water, bee will take it in the plaine deepers, and then, and there

The Second Booke

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bim, give him loane, keeping your Line streight; and bulde him from rooses, and he will tyre himfalfe. This is, the chiefe pleasure of Angling. This Flye and two linkes among wood, or close by a bushe, moved in the erust of the mater, is dead-lye in an eneming i of you come close. This is called bushing for Trants.

Cad baste is a worme bred under stones in a soulion River, or in some ant-runner of the River, where the streame runnes not strongly, in a blacke shale. They stick by heapes to the sow side of a great stone, lying hollow: They be ripe in the beginning of May, they arapast nith suly they be yellow when they he ripe, and have a blacke had. This is a deadly haite for a Trout, either a soft, at the ground, if your tooles be fine and you came alose; for the Trout of all other. Fiso, is most as afrighted with sight. And indeed it would be considered, that Fish are a straid of any extraordinary motion or sight of what eolour soener, except the Pike, which will be open in your sight on a Sunne-some day till you halter him.

The Trout will take also the worme Menise, or any bays: so will the Pike, saue that he will not take the Fly.

For the Trout and Eele.

Ow fee fome standing where the streams doth With headlog course behind the sturdy weere

of the fecrets of Angling.

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That ouerthware the river, like a wall,
The water flops, and ftrongly up dothbeare,
And at the Tayles of Mills and Arches maily ideal
Whereas the shoote is swift and not too cleate,
The lines in length not twice about an ell,
But with good store of lead and twisted well

(21) The Eele.

There be divers wayes to catch the wrinkling Belog your Line must be stronger fixe or season haves and your hooke according, for she must upon the hooking presently be drawne forth with force, otherwise she fastens her felse with her taile about a roote or stone or such like, and so you loose, your labour, your hooke and the Fish. The worme or menise, is her common baste.

There is a way to eath Ecler by brogling thus, take Rod small and tough of Sallow Hajell or such like, a paid long as big as a beane stalke; in the small end there of make a nick or elist with a husto, in which nick put four strong (but a listle) hooke basted with a red worme, and made sure to a line of tenn or twelve good baires, and but easilie, that the Ecle may pull it out and goe into some shallow place of the River among the great stones, and braggle op and down till you sind holes under the stones, and there put in your hooke so basted, with your Roddes ends, and the Ecle under the stone will not faile to rake your Hooke : guicker time to put it out, and then

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The Second Booke

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if your frength will ferue, thee is your owne.

There is a third vinall way to catch Eeles, called Bobbing. Vpon a long and double ftrong thred, two yerds long, or there abouts, speet so many great rod Wormes (gotton in Summers evening with a Candle) as the threed will hold lengthway thorowe the middest. And linke them about your hand like a Rope: thus, and fasten these to a long goods end with

a cord as long as your Rod, and a great plummet of Lead an handfull abone the Bob. And in a troubled or foodded River, in a deepe tame, or by a streame side, let it full within a hand breadth of the ground, & then shall you sensiblely stele a multitude of Ecles, all in that pit, like so many dogs at a carrien, tugge and pul, now at your good time, when you thinke that every Ecle hath got a linke and smallewed it up: (like so many Ducks the intralles of a Pullet.) draw up very easily, and they will follow working and pulling, till you have them neere the crust, and then a maine, hoist them to land, this is the readiest way where Ecles are plentiful to catch many

For the Trout, you shall finde in the raste of a great docke, a white worme with a red head, with this fish for

Trout at the ground.

Round hansome hookes that will not breake nor The big red worm, well scowred, is their bait, (bend Which

of the secretes of Angling.

Which downe vnto the bottome doth discend, Whereas the Trem and Eele doth lye in waite, And to their feeding bufily intend,
Which when they fee they fnatch & fwellow frait.

Vpon their lines is neither Corke nor Quill,
But when they feele them pluck then strike they

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For the Semant and Flounder.

B Ehold some others ranged all along,
To take the Sewant year the Flounder sweet,
That to the bancke in deepest places throng,
To shun the swifter streame that runnes so sleete,
And lye and feed the brakish wanes among,
Whereas the waters fresh and salt doe meet a

And there the Eele and Shad sometimes is caught
That with the tide into the brooks are brought.

But by the way it shall not be amisse,
To vinderstand that in the waters gray,
Of floating Fish, two fundry kinder there is,
The one that lines by rauen and by pray,
And of the weaker fort, now that, now this,
He bites, and spoiles, and kils, and be are away,
And in his gready guster doth denoure,
As Seylla guste, a Ship within his power.

And thele have wider mouthes to catch and take Their flying pray, whom swiftly they persue,

And

The second Booke

And rowes of teeth like to a faw or rake,
Wherewith their gotten game they bite and chew,
And greater fpeede within the waters make,
To fer woon the other simple crew,

And as the Gray hound steales upon the hare, So doc they we to rush on them unware.

Vuequall Fate, that some are borne to bee Fearefull and milde, and for the rest a pray, And others are ordain'd to time more free Without controlle or danger any way:

So doth the Foxe the Lambe destroy we see, and The Lam fierce, the Boner, Ross or Gray, and had

The Hauke the fouler the greater wrong the leffe. The lefty proud, the lowly poore oppress.

For the Pike or Tench.

Ow for totake this kinde of Fifn withall, (*)
It hall be needfull to have still in store, and Some living baires as Bleik, and Reches small, and Goodgion, or Email, nortaken long before, to the Orycalow Froggio that in the waters cradled H. But all alive they must be energiated.

For as for baires that dead and dull doe lye,

They leaft efteeme and fet but little by.

(*) Ayoung Whelpe Katlin, or fuch like is good baite for a Luce.

But

of the secretes of Angling.

But take good heed your line before and flooring. The knots well knot, and of the foundeft haire, of Twifted with some well coloured fillse among, to a And that you have no need your Rod to feare be A For these great Fish will strine and strugle long, A Rod, Line and all into the streams to be are will And that your hooks be not too small & weake, Least that it changes o streets, or hap to breake.

And as in Arden or the mountaines hoare.

Of Appensine or craggy Alps among,
The mastises herce that hunt the brittled Boare.

Are harnised with Curaes light and strong,
So for these Fish, your line a foote or more,
Must armed be with thinnest place along.

Or slender wyre well fast nod thereunto.

That will not slip nor easily goods.

The other kinde that are vnlike to these

Doe line by come or any others slede : a valid to I

Sometimes by crummes of bread of paste, or cheese

Or grasschoppele that in greene meadowes breed,
With broad of wispes, of horners, doares, dispose

Lipberries from the bryar bushop weede, of base

Bloud wormes, and snayles, or crawling sentiles

And bazzing dies that on the waters fall, simall,

And downs vinto the portionic faith frighme.

SIA

The Second Booke

Alf these are good, and many others more,
To make sit baites, to take these kinds of Fish,
So that some faire deepe place you seeds before,
A day or two, with paile, with bole, or dish;
And of these meats doe vie to throw in store,
Then shal you have them baite as you would wish;
And ready sport to take your pleasure still,
Of any fort that best you like to kill.

Thus feruing them as often as you may,
But once a weeke at least it must be done,
If that to bite they make too long delay,
As by your sport may be perceived soone:
Then some great Fish doth feare the rest away.
Whose fellowship and companie they shunne:
Who neither in the baite doth take delight.
Nor yet will suffer them that would to byte.

For this you must a remedie prouide,
Some Roche or Blaike, as I have shew'd before,
Beneath whole upper fin you close shall hide.
Of all your hooke the better halfe and more,
And though the point appeare or may be spide,
It makes no matter any whit therefore:
But let him fall into the watry brimme,
And downe vnto the bottome softly swimme.
And

of the secrets of Angling.

And when you keeyour Gorke begin to moue!

And round about to fore and ferch a ring.

Sometime to finke, and fornetime swimme about!

As doth the Ducke within the watry spring.

Yet make no hast your present hap to prove,

Till with your float at last away he fling.

Then may you safely strike and hold him short.

And at your will prolong or end your sport.

But every Hish loves not each bayte alike, It will a Although formetimes they feede upon the fame;
But some doe one, and some another seeke, I which as best unto their appetite doth frame.
The Roch, the Broam, the Copy, the Chub, and Blake With paste of Corne their greedy hunger tame; In The Dave, the Ruffe, the Goodgan and the restriction The smallest fort of crawing mornes love best.

The Cauendar and Chub doe more delight and To feed on conder Checke on Chornes red, and Blacke inayles wheir bellies that to show their white Or Grashoppers that skip in enery Meadel is 10 Though the Tench, and Sele doe rather bite but At great red worms on Field or Garden bred. That have been foowr'd in mossion fenell rough. To rid their filth, and make them hard & tough.

The Second Booke

And with this bayte hath often taken bing.
The Salmon faire of River fresh the best;
The Shad that in the Spring time commeth in.
The Snam swift, that is not set by least.
The Booker sweet, the pleasant Flounder thin.
The Peele, the I wear the Bassing and the rest.
With many more that in the deepe doth lye
Of Anon, Vike, of Senerue, and of Wye.

Alike they bite, affice they pull downe low
The finking Corke that strings to rife againe,
And when they seele the sudden deadly blow,
A like they shunne the danger and the paine
And as an arrow from the School bow,
All shye alike into the streams amaine,
Vital the Angler by his wary skill,
There tyres them out and brings them vp at wil

Yet furthermore it doth behone to know, and That for the most part Fish doe seeks their foods. Vpon the ground, or deepest bettome low, and Or at the top of water streams or flood street. On and so you must your hooke and bayte bestow, The form the midst you shall doe little good, and For heavie things downe to the bottome fall, And light doe swim, and seldome links at all,

of the feerets of Angling.

All Summer long aloft the fillies (winne.

Delighted with faire Phabu, thining ray,
And lye in wayte within the waters dimme

For flyes and gnats that on the top doe play,
Then halfe a yard beneath the vpper brimme

It shall be best your bayted hooke to lay,
With gnat or fly of any fort of kinde,
That enery Month on leanes of Trees you finde.

But when your Line must have no lead at all.

And but a stender Corke, or little Quill.

To stay the bayte that downe it doe not fall.

But hang a Linke within the water still.

Or else vpon the top thereof you shall

With quicker hand, and with more ready skill

Let fall your flye, and now and then remove,

Which soone the Fish will find and better, loue.

And in the streame likewise they vie to be
At tailes of floudyates, or at Arches wide;
Or shallow flats, whereas the waters free
With fresher springs and swifter course doe slide:
And then of Waspe, the brood that cannot slye
V pon a Tyle-stone sirst a little dryed,

and how the in baytest

Or yealow bobs turnd vp before the Polugh, Are chiefelf baytes, with Corke & Lead enough.

Dz

Phi

The Second Booke

But when the golden Chariot of the Sunne,
Departing from our Northren countries farre
Beyond the ballance, now his course hath runne,
And goes to warme the cold Amarica, starre,
And Summers heat is almost spent and done.
With new approch of Winters dreadfull warre;

Then doe the Fish withdraw into the deepe,
And low from fight and cold more close doe
(keepe,

Then on your Lines you may have store of Lead,
And bigger Corkes of any size you will,
And where the Fills are vied to be fed
There shall you lay voon the bottom still,
And whether that your bayte be Corne, or bread,
Or wormes, or Paste, it doth not greatly skill,
For these alone are to be vied then,
Vntill the spring or sommer come againe.

Thus have I show dhow Fish of divers kinde
Best taken are, and how their baytes to know;
But Phachas now beyond the Vesterne Inde;
Beginneth to descend and draweth low,
And well the weather serves and gentle winde
Downe with the tide and pleasant streame to row
Vinto some place where we niay rest vs in,
Vintil we shall another time begin,

The end of the fecond Books.



Ow fals it out in order to declare,
What time is best to Angle in aright;
And when the chiefe & fittest sealons are
Wherein the fish are most disposed to bit
What wind doth make, & which againe doth make
The Anglers sport, wherein he takes delight,
And how he may with pleasure best aspire,
Ynto the wished end of his desire.

For there are times in which they will not bite
But doe forbeare and from their food refraine.
And dayes there are wherein they more delight
To labour for the fame and bite amaine:
So, he that can those seasons finde aright
Shall not repent his trauell spent in vaine,
To walke a mile or two amidst the fields,
Reaping the fruite this harmlesse pleasure yeelds

And as a ship in safe and quiet roade.

Vider some hill or harbour doth abide.

With all her fraight, her tackling and her load,

Attending still the winde and wished tide,

Which when it serues, no longer makes aboad,

But forth into the watry deepe doth slide,

And through the wanes deuides her fairest way

Vito the place where she intends to stay,

So must the Angler be prouided still,
Of divers tooles and fundry baytes in store;
And all things else pertaining to his skill,
Which he shall get and lay up long before,
That when the weather frameth to his will,
Hee may be well appoynted enermore

To take fit time when it is offered euer, For time in one estate abideth neuer.

The qualities of an Angler.

By tere I further goe, it shall behoue
To show what gifts and qualities of minde
Belongs to him that doth this pastime loue;
And what the vertues are of enery kinde
Without the which it were in vaine to proone,
Or to expect the pleasure he should finde,
I No more then he that having store of meate
Hath lost all lust and appetite to eate.
For

of the secrets of Angling.

With handsome Rods and Hookes of divera fort,
Well twisted Lines, and many trynkets moe,
To find the Fish within their watry forte,
If that the minde be not contented so,
But wants those gifts that should the rest support,
And make his pleasure to his thoughts agree,
With these therefore he must endued beer

Thefi rst is Faith, not vauering and vnstable,
But such as had that holy *Pariarch old, *Ab
That to the highest was so acceptable
As his increase and of spring many folde
Exceeded farrethe starres innumerable,
So must be still a firme perswasion holde,
That were as waters brooke & lakes are found,
There store of Fish without all doubt abound.

For nature that hath made no emptie thing,
But all her workes doth well and wifely frame,
Hath fild each Brooke, each River, Lake and spring
With creatures, apt to live amidst the same;
Euen as the earth, the ayre, and Seas doe bring
Fourth Beastes, and Birds of sundry fort and name
And given them shape, ability and sence,
To live and dwell therein without offence.

D4

Th

The fecond gift and qualitie is Hope,
The Anchor holde of every hard defire,
That having of the day follarge a fcope,
He shall in time to wished hap aspire,
And ere the Sunne hath left the heavenly cope
Obtains the sport and game he doth defire,
And that the Fish though sometime slow to bite
Will recompense delay with more delight.

The third is love, and liking to the game,

de this friend and neighbour dwelling by;

dy pleasing not to spoyle the same,

his Fish some portion to deny

To any that are sickly, weake, or lame,

But rather with his Line and Anglotry

In Pond or Brooke to doe what in him lyes,

To take such store for them as may suffice.

Then followeth Ratience, that the furious flame
Of Choller cooles, and Passion puts to slight,
As doth a skilfull rider breake and tame
The Courser wilde, and teach him tread aright:
So patience doth the minde dispose and frame,
To take mishaps in worth, and count them light,
As losse of Fish, Line, Hooke, or Lead, or all,
Or other chance that often may befall.

of the fecrets of Angling.

The fift good guilt is low humilitie,
As when a Lyon coucheth for his pray
So must be stoope or kneele vpon his knee,
To saue his line or put the weedes away,
Or lye along sometime if need there be,
For anyl et or chance that happen may,
And not to scorne to take a little paine,
To serue his turne his pleasure to obtaine.

The fixt is painefull arength and courage good.
The greatest to incounter in the Brooke,
If that he happen in his angry mood,
To snatch your bayt, and beare away your hooke
With wary skill to rule him in the flood,
Vntill more quiet, tame, and milde he looke,
And all aduentures constantly to heare.
That may betide without mistrust or seare.

Next vnto this is Liberalitie,
Feeding them oft with full and plentious hand,
Of all the rest a needfull qualitie.
To draw them neere the place where you will fan
Like to the ancient hospitalitie,
That sometime dwelt in Albioni sertile land,
But now is sent away into exile,
Beyond the bounds of Isabellas Ile.

The eight is knowledge how to finde the way
To make them bite when they are dule and flow,
And what doth let the fame and breedes delay,
And enery like impediment to know,
That keepes them from their foode & wanted pray
Within the streame, or standing waters low,
And with experience skilfully to proue,
All other faults to mend or to remoune.

The ninth is placability of minde,
Contented with a reasonable dish,
Yea though sometime no sport at all he finde,
Or that the weather proue not to his wish.
The tenth is thankes to that God, of each kinde,
To net and bait doth send both Fowle and Fish,
And still referues enough in secret store,
To please the rich, and to resee the poore.

Th'eleuenth good guift and hardest to indure, Is fasting long from all supershous fare. Vnto the which he must himselfe inure, By exercise and vie of dyet spare. And with the liquor of the waters pure, Acquaint himselfe if he cannot forbeare, And never on his gready belly thinke, From rising Sunne vntill a low he sincke.

The

Ea

of the secrets of Angling.

Remembring well before he fetteth out,
Each needfull thing that he must occupy,
And not to stand of any want in doubt,
Or leave something behinde forgetfully:
When he hath walkt the fields and brookes about,
It were a griefe backe to return again.
For things forgot that should his sport main.

(taine.

Here then you see what kinde of qualities,
An Angler should inclued be with all,
Besides his skill and other properties,
To serve his turne as to his lot doth fall:
But now what season for this exercise,
The sittest is and which doth serve but small,
My Muse vouchsafe some little ayde to lead.
To bring this also to the wished end,

Season and time not to Angle.

And scalds with scoreling heat the lowly plain. As if that youthfull Phaeren had got,
The guiding of his Fathers Carre againe,
Or that it seem'd Apollo had forgot
His light foote steedes to rule with stedfast raine,
It is not good with any line or Hooke,
To Angle then in River, Pond, or Brooke.

Or when cold Boreas with his frosty beard,
Lookes out from underneath the lesser Beare,
And makes the weary transiler ascard,
To see the valleys concred enery where
With Ice and Snow, that late so greene appeared,
The waters stand as if of steele they were;
And hoary frosts doe hang on enery bough,

And hoary frosts doe hang on every bough; Where freshest leaves of summer late did grow.

His blustring windes out of the hollow deepe,
Where he their strife and strugling to and fro
With triple forke doth still in order keepe,
They rushing forth doe rage with tempests so,
As if they would the world together sweepe,
And russing so with sturdy blasts they blow,
The tree and house sometimes they ouerthrow.

T

(23) The stronger the winds blowes! so you may abide it, and quide your tooles) and the colder the Sommar days is, the better will they bite, and the closer shall you come to them.

Besides when shepheard and the swaines prepare, Vato the Brookes with all their flockes of sheepe, To wash their fleeces and to make them faire, (24) In enery poole and running water deepe,

of the secretes of Angling.

The fauour of the wooll doth so impaire,
The pleasant streames, & plunging that they keepe
As if that Lethe-flood ran enery where,
Or bitter Dorie intermingled were.

(24) I rather thinke the kades and other filsh that fals from the ships doe so glut the fifth that they will not take any artificiall bayte. The same is the reason of the Flood, washing downe wormes, slice, Frog-clockes, &c.

Or when land floods through long & sudden raine Discending from the hils and higher ground, The sand and mud the christall streames doe staine And make them rise about their wonted bound, To querflow the fields and neighbour plaine. The fruitfull soyle and Meadow's faire are drownd. The husbandman doth leese his grasse and hay, The bankes their trees, and bridges borne away.

So when the leanes begin to fall apace.
And bough and branch are naked to be seene.
While nature doth her former worke deface.
Vaclothing bush, and tree, of summers greene.
Whose scattered spoyles he thicke in enery place.
As sands on shore or starres the pooles betweene,
And top and bottome of the times fill.
To Angle then I also thinke it ill.

All windes are hurtfull if too hard they blow, (15).
The world of all is that out of the East.
Whose nature makes the Fish to biting slow,
And lets the pastime most of all the rest,
The next that comes from countries cald with
And Arries, pole is not offensive least, (Snow,
The Southerne winde is counted best of all,
Then that which riseth where the sunne doth fall.

(25) I finde no difference of winds except too colde

Best sime and season to Angle,

D'vif the weather stedfast be and cleare, (26)
D'or ouercast with clouds, so it be dry,
And that no signe nor token there appeare,
Of threatning storme through all the empty skie,
But that the ayre is clame and voide of feare,
Of rushing windes or raging tempests hie,

Or that with milde and gentle gale they blow,
Then is it good vnto the brooke to goe,

(36) Clears connect be good, by reason of the offen-

And when the flouds are fall n and past away, And carryed have the dregges into the deepe,

of the secretes of Angling.

And that the waters waxe more thin and gray,
And leave their bankes about them high & fleepe.
The milder streame of colour like to whay,
Within his bounds his wonted course doth keepe.
And that the winde is South or else by west.
To Angle then is time and seasons best.

When faire Awara rising early showes
Her blushing face beyond the Easterne hils, and
And dyes the heavenly vault with purple rewes.
That farre abroad the world with brightnes file.
The Meadowes greene are hoare with filuer dewes
That on the earth the sable night distills,

11.

And chanting birds with merry notes bewray

The neere approching of the chearefull day.

(27) The morning can no way by good because able Fish have beene at reliefe, all the night, as all select wilde creatures. And on the day they rest or spore in the eneming is the fittest, then hunger begins to back and

Then let him goe to Riner, Brooke or Lake,
That leaves the sport, where store of fish abound,
And through the pleasant fields his iourney make,
Amidst sweet Pastures, Meadowes fresh and sound.
Where he may best his choyce of pastime take?
While swift Hyperion runnes his circle round.
And as the place shall to his liking prought.
There still remaine, or further efferemous.

Toknow each Fifbes haunt.

Where he may finde each fish he doth re-Since some delighe in waters still and slow, (quire, And some doe love the Mud and slimy mire; Some others where the streame doth swifter flow, Some stoney ground, and gravell some defire, Here shall he learne how every fort doe seeke,

Carps, Esle, and Tench, doe loue a muddie ground,
Esles vinder stones or hollow rootes doe lye;
The Tench among thicke weeds is soonest found,
The search Carps into the deepe doth slie,
Brimes, Chub and Pike, where clay & sand abound
Pike loues great pooles, and places full of frie:
The Chub delights in streame or shadie tree,
And tender Breame in broadest lake to be.

The Salmon (wift the Rivers sweet doth like, Where largest streames into the Sea are led; The spotted Trave the smaller Brookes doth seeke, And in the doepest hole there hides his head;

The

of the secrets of Angling.

The prickled Pearch in enery hollow cheeks, Yest Hard by the Banke, and fandy shore is federlined of Pearch, Troat, and Salmon love electe water call. Greene weedy rockes, and flony gratfall fresh.

(28) The Trout lies in the deeps but feeder it is freame, under abuft, bray, forme to see

So doth the Bulhead, Goodgion and the Lanche, Who most in shallow Brookes delight to be, The Ruffe, the Buce, the Barbell and the Rosebl and Grauell and sand doe loud in lesse degree, the But to the deepe and shade doe more approached And ouerhead some couert loue to see, and but Ofspreading Poplar, Oake or Willow granter A Where underneath they lurke for being seene.

The mighty Luce great waters haunts alway,
And in the stillest place thereof doth lye,
Saue when he rangeth foorth to seeke his pray,
And swift among the feareful fish doth flye,
The dainty Humber loves the marky clay,
And cleerest streames of champion country hyer
And in the chiefest pooles thereof doth rest;
Where he is soonest found and taken best.

The Second Booke

The Chauender amidst the waters fayre,
In swiftest greames doth most himselfe bestow,
The Shad and Tweate doe rather like the laire,
Osbrackish waves, where it doth ebbe and flow,
And thither also doth the flocke repaire,
And flat upon the bottom syeth low,
The Peele, the Muller, and the Suam good
Doe like the same, and there in seeke their sood.

But here experience doth my skill exceed,
Since divers Countries divers Rivers have;
And divers Rivers change of waters breed
And change of waters fundry Fish doe crave,
And fundry Fish in divers places feede,
As best doth like them in the liquid wave,
So that by vse and practise may be knowne.
More then by art or skill can well be showne.

What fundry kindes there lie in secret store,

Andwhere they doe resort, and what they are,

That may be still discouered more and more:

Let him that list no paine nor trauellspare

To seeke them out, as I have done before,

And then it shall not discontent his minde,

New choyce of place, and change of game to find.

of the secrets of Angling.

The best boures of the day to Angles

From first appearing of the rising Sun, vid: (27)

Till nine of clocke low vinder water best of the Fish will bite, and then from nine to noone, it from noone to foure they doe refraine and rest.

From source against ill Phabin wist hath runne; It his daily course; and setteth in the West : Ansie West and Rest.

But at the style alost they vie to bite,

Allsonines long from nine till it be night.

Now leaft the Angler leave his Tooles behinde, For lacke of heed or halt of his defire, And so inforced with vnwilling minde, Must leave his gaine and backe againe retire, Such things to setch as there he cannot finde To serve his turne when need shall most require, Here shall he have to helpe his memory, A lesson short of enery wants supply,

Light Rod to strike, long line to reach withall,
Stronge hooke to holde the fish he haps to hit,
Spare lines and Hookes, what over chance doe fall,
Baites quicke and dead to bring them to the bite,
Fine Lead & Quils with Corks both great & small
Knife, File and thred, and little Basket ht,

F 2

Diummets to found the depth of clay and fand, With Pole and ner to bring them fafe to Land.

And now we are arrived at the last,

In wished harbour where we meane to rest;

And make an end of this one tourney past:

Herothen in quiet roade I thinke it best

We strike our failes and stedfast Anchor cast

For now the Sunne low setteth in the West,

And ree Bone-Smeiner, a merry Carrell sing,

To him that safely did vs hither bring.





Wouldst thou catch Fish? Then here's thy wish; Take this receips; To aunoynt thy Baite,

Thou that defir it to fish with line and Hooke.

Be it in poole; in Riner, or in Brooke.

To bliffe thy baite, and make the Fish to bite:

Loe here's a meanes, if thou can't hit it right,

Take Gum of life, fine beat, and laid to foake (29)

In Oyle, wel drawne from that which kils the Oak

Pish where thou wilt, thou shalt have sport thy fill,

When twenty faile, thou shalt be sure to kill- (30)

It's perfect and good,
If well understood;
Else not to be tolde
For Silver or Golde,

R.R.

There beard puch of an syntment that will cally case any Fish to bite, but I could never attain to knowledge thereof, the nearest in mine opinion (except this Probatum) is the oyle of an Ospraye, which is called Aquila marina: the Sea Ægle. She is of bommare the bignesse of a goose, one of her seete is web'd as swimme withall, the other hath tallents to catch fish. It seemes the Fish come up to her, for she cannot dive.

Some likelihood there is also in a paste made of Coculus Indie, Asia fatida, honnie and wheat slower, but

I mener tride them, therefore I cannot prescribe.

(30) That which kils the Oake, I coniecture to be Taie, till I change my minde.

This excellent receipt you may buy ready and truely made, at the Signe of the blacke Lyon an Apothecaries in Paules-Churchyard neare the great South dore.

Certaine

Certaine observations for-

Cheun and Chub are one.

The Shottrell, 1 years,
Pickerell, 2 years,
Pike 3 years,
Luce 4 years,

The Summer, May, Iune, and Iuly are fitted for

Fish are the fattest in Iuly.

Fift commonly frame at Michaeltide.

After framming they be kipper and out of feafon.

They thrust up little Brooks to pawne, the Trout and Salmon will have lying on their backs.

All the Summer time great Fift goe downe-words to deeper.

Barre netting and might hooking, where you lour And

When you Angle at ground, your line must be no long then your Rod.

He that is more greedy of Fish than sport, let his baue three or soure angles sisted and basted, and la inseverill pooles, you shall sometimes have them a sped at once.

If you goe forth in, or immediately after a shower, as take the water in the first rising or lish in the stream at ground with a red worme, you may load you self

If shere be flore. Thus may any botcher kill Fife.

for want of a panger, speet you Fish by the gills on a small wicker, or such like.

Tuje a pouch of parchment with many severall places to put mine books and Lines in.

less a Rod of two parts, to loyue in the middest when I come to the river, with two pins & a little hempe waxed thus the pinues soyne it, the hempe fastens it sirmely.

A Whale-bone made round no biger then a wheattran at the top, yeelds mell; and firites well.

Let your Rod be without knots: they are dangerous for breaking, and boughts are troublefome.

Keepe your vod neither 100 dry: nor 100 mouft, leaft

they grow brittle, or rotten.

When you angle in drought, wet your rod, it will not breake so soone.

Tou shall hardly get a rod of one peece, but eyther crooks, or top heavy, or unequally grown.

Enterpriseno mans ground without leave, breake no

wans beage to his taffe.

Pray to God with your heart to bleffe your lawfull exercise.

FINIS.

